

# Introduction to libQRNG library

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**Note:** Functions provided by libQRNG are described in libQRNG.h header file.

## 1 Establishing the connection with the QRNG server

In order to retrieve data from the QRNG service provided by the PicoQuant and the Department of Physics of Humboldt University, it is necessary to register on the service web page [1]. In order to establish a connection with the server one can use one of the functions

- `qrng_connect(qrng_username, qrng_password)` – establish a connection with the QRNG service (`qrng.physik.hu-berlin.de:4499`),
- `qrng_connect_SSL(qrng_username, qrng_password)` – establish a secure connection with the QRNG service using SSL.

Both functions require a username and a password provided during the registration. The connection is closed using `qrng_disconnect()` function.

- `qrng_disconnect()` – close the connection with the QRNG server.

## 2 Retrieving random data

QRNG service allows to retrieve random data in the form of integer numbers, double precision numbers or bytes. Integer and double precision numbers can be retrieved in form of single values or arrays, while bytes can be retrieved only in arrays.

### 2.1 Base functions

The following two functions allow to retrieve single numbers of type `int` or `double`:

- `int qrng_get_int(int *val)` – get single `int` and put at `val`,
- `int qrng_get_double(double *val)` – get single `double` and put at `val`.

### 2.2 Functions for operating on arrays

The following functions allow to retrieve arrays of numbers of type `int` or `double`.

- `int qrng_get_int_array(int *arr, int dim, int *ac)` – get `dim` integer numbers and put them into `arr` array

- `int qrng_get_double_array(double *arr, int dim, int *ac)` – get dim double precision numbers and put them into `arr` array

The above functions report the actual number of retrieved numbers and put this information in `ac`.

## References

- [1] QRNG Service, <http://qrng.physik.hu-berlin.de>
- [2] M. Wahl, M. Leifgen, M. Berlin, T. Röhlicke, H.-J. Rahn, and O. Benson, *An ultrafast quantum random number generator with provably bounded output bias based on photon arrival time measurements*, Appl. Phys. Lett. 98, 171105 (2011) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.3578456>